

A, C, D: Roeleveld (1972), B: Khromov et al. (1998)

南アフリカ South Africa

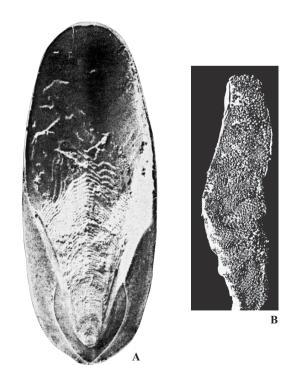
ML 44mm. 外套膜は後方に向かって細まり、疎らな乳嘴がある. I~III 腕はほぼ同長で、IV 腕は長い. 触腕の吸盤はほぼ等大で、8列. 泳膜は僅かに掌部を超える. 貝殻の前端は三角形状で、外円錐の後側隅も角張り、後半2/3 は両側が平行的. 背面はピンク色で、中肋は明瞭. 横線面には縦溝があり、前縁は逆 V字型. 内円錐は外円錐に癒着し、側肢は弱くカーブする. 棘はなく、瘤がある. 南アフリカ.

Mantle gradually tapering posteriorly with sparse papillae. Arms I-III subequal in length, but Arm IV long. Tentacular suckers subequal in size in eight rows. Swimming membrane slightly exceeding club base. Shell triangular anteriorly and postero-lateral corner of outer cone angulated. Both margins nearly parallel in posterior two-thirds. Dorsal surface pink in color with distinct mid-rib. A longitudinal furrow present in striated zone. Locular boundary in inverted V-shaped. Inner cone fused with outer cone. Lateral limbs weakly curved. No spine, but blunt knob present. South Africa.

[A. 背面 (♀44 mm); B. 貝殻腹面; C. 同背面 (34 mm); D. 触腕]



サイモンコウイカ Sepia (Sepia) simoniana Thiele, 1920/コウイカ科 Sepiidae



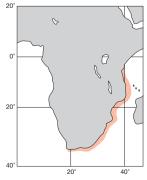
A, B : Adam & Rees (1966)

南アフリカ South Africa

ML19cm. 外套膜の背前葉はあまり突出せず、腹前縁も全く湾入しない。背側には極めて弱い乳嘴が疎らにあり、腹側には皺のある区域がある。I~III 腕の先端は細まる。交接腕は5~9列の正常吸盤のあと背2列が縮小する。触腕掌部は長く微小な吸盤が24列ある。貝殻は完全な卵円形で、背部の中肋は低く、横線面には深い縦溝がある。内円錐は平坦で外円錐に癒着。棘はないが、瘤がある。アフリカ東岸~南アフリカの水深190m.

Mantle with short antero-dorsal lobe and entire ventral margin. Dorsal surface with sparse minute papillae. Wrinkled patch present on ventral mantle. Arms I-III attenuated distally. Hectocotylized arm with 5-9 rows of normal suckers followed by reduced suckers in two dorsal rows. Tentacular club long with minute suckers in 24 rows. Shell completely oval with low dorsal mid-rib. A deep longitudinal furrow present in striated zone. Inner cone flat, fused with outer cone. No spine, but knob present on posterior end. East coast of Africa to South Africa, 190 m depth.

[A. 貝殻腹面; B. 触腕]



コウイカ科 Sepiidae